

(285)

Latin American Population and Urbanization Analysis



**MAPS AND STATISTICS,
1950-1982**

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Mexico

Mexico has had ten official censuses over an 88-year period. The first census (1895) counted 12,632,427 inhabitants. Beginning in 1900, Mexico conducted a census every ten years, with the exception of 1921 rather than 1920. It took until 1950 for the population to slightly more than double to 25,791,017, but by 1970 it had nearly doubled again to 48,225,238. The latest census in 1980 had a tabulated population of 67,405,700, for a rise of 40 percent in the decade. The growth of population alone between 1970 and 1980 equalled the total population living in Mexico in 1940.

The population totals, trends, and characteristics of Mexico are presented in this chapter in eight tables, twelve maps, and three figures. Some of the findings concerning Mexico are outlined below.

URBAN TRENDS

Mexico had three metropolitan centers with more than half a million population in 1970. Greater Mexico City with 10,223,000 had 21.2 percent of the nation's population, and Greater Guadalajara (1,445,000) and Greater Monterrey (1,213,000) were both very dominant regional centers. Together these three centers accounted for 26.7 percent of Mexico's population in 1970, while complex urban cities between 20,000 and 500,000 in size had another 16.2 percent of the population.

RURAL TRENDS

Mexico has been a predominantly rural country throughout most of this century, declining from 71 percent in

1910, to 58 percent in 1950, to 41 percent in 1970. The majority of the inhabitants of rural areas live in villages between 100 and 2,500 in population. In 1970 rural villages still had 38.4 percent of the population of Mexico.

SETTLEMENT HIERARCHY

By 1970 Mexico had moved from the village-simple urban settlement classification (1-2) which dominated the national settlement hierarchy for almost the entire century into a village-metropolitan settlement landscape (1-4), with two-thirds of the population (65 percent) living in those two levels. Compared to other Latin American countries, however, Mexico has gradually evolved a more balanced hierarchy of places.

OTHER DEMOGRAPHIC DATA

The annual rate of population growth in Mexico has been well over 3 percent for most of the time since the 1940s, with peaks of 3.5 percent during the 1960s and again in 1976-77. In 1981-82 the figure came down to 2.5 percent growth a year, a rather dramatic reduction in a short time. Life expectancy in 1982 was sixty-five years, and 42 percent of the population was under fifteen years of age. Per capita GNP in 1982 of \$2130 was up by 188 percent from \$740 in 1975, ranking Mexico number 5 among the twenty Latin American republics in that category. Because of drastic devaluation of the peso in 1982, however, much of the gains over the last several years might be lost.

Table 18-1

POPULATION DATA AND DENSITY BY STATE IN MEXICO, 1970 AND 1980

1980 Rank	State	1970 Population	1980 Population	1980 Percent	Percent Change 1970-1980	Population Density 1980 (km ²)
1	Distrito Federal	6,874,165	9,373,958	13.9	+36.4	6337
2	México	3,833,185	7,545,692	11.2	+96.9	353
3	Veracruz	3,815,422	5,264,611	7.8	+38.0	73
4	Jalisco	3,296,586	4,293,549	6.4	+30.2	53
5	Puebla	2,508,226	3,279,960	4.9	+30.8	97
6	Michoacán	2,324,226	3,048,704	4.5	+31.2	51
7	Guanajuato	2,270,370	3,044,402	4.5	+34.1	100
8	Oaxaca	2,015,424	2,518,157	3.7	+24.9	27
9	Nuevo León	1,694,689	2,463,298	3.7	+45.3	38
10	Guerrero	1,597,360	2,174,162	3.2	+36.1	34
11	Chiapas	1,569,053	2,096,812	3.1	+33.6	28
12	Chihuahua	1,612,525	1,933,856	2.9	+19.9	8
13	Tamaulipas	1,456,858	1,924,934	2.9	+32.1	24
14	Sinaloa	1,266,528	1,880,098	2.8	+48.4	32
15	San Luis Potosí	1,281,996	1,670,637	2.5	+30.3	26
16	Coahuila	1,114,956	1,558,401	2.3	+39.8	10
17	Hidalgo	1,193,845	1,516,511	2.3	+27.0	73
18	Sonora	1,098,720	1,498,931	2.2	+36.0	8
19	Baja California	870,421	1,225,436	1.8	+40.8	18
20	Durango	939,208	1,160,196	1.7	+23.5	9
21	Tabasco	768,327	1,149,756	1.7	+49.7	46
22	Zacatecas	951,462	1,145,327	1.7	+20.4	16
23	Yucatán	758,355	1,034,648	1.5	+36.4	27
24	Morelos	616,119	931,675	1.4	+51.2	188
25	Querétaro	485,523	726,054	1.1	+49.6	63
26	Nayarit	544,031	730,024	1.1	+34.2	27
27	Tlaxcala	420,638	547,261	.8	+30.1	136
28	Aguascalientes	338,142	503,410	.7	+48.9	92
29	Campeche	251,556	372,227	.6	+48.0	7
30	Colima	241,153	339,202	.5	+40.7	65
31	Baja California Sur	128,019	221,389	.3	+72.9	3
32	Quintana Roo	88,150	209,858	.3	+138.1	4
	Total	48,225,238	67,383,000	100.0	+39.7	34

SOURCES: X Censo General de Población y Vivienda, Cifras Preliminares (México, D.F.: Dirección General de Estadística, 1980); SALA, 20-301 and 626.

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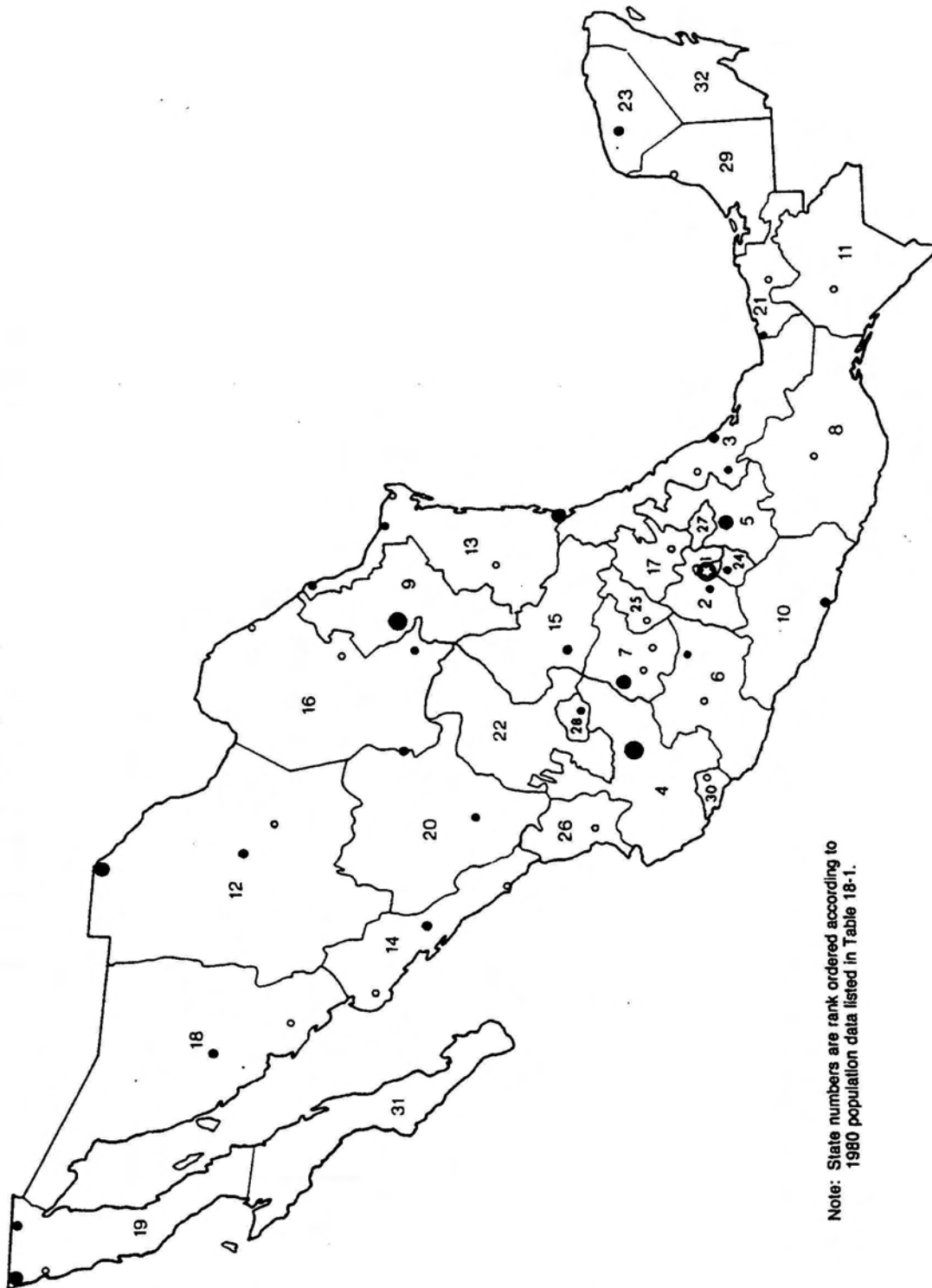
Table 18-2
MAJOR URBAN CENTERS IN MEXICO, 1970 AND 1978

1978 Rank	Major Urban Centers	1970 Population	1970 Percent	1978 Population
1	● Gran Mexico City (1/2)	10,223,102	21.2	13,993,866
	Mexico City proper	8,590,000	17.8	8,988,230
	Netzahualcóyotl	580,000	1.2	2,067,992
	other population	1,053,102	2.2	2,937,644
2	● Gran Guadalajara (4)	1,445,000	3.0	2,343,034
	Guadalajara proper	1,194,000	2.5	1,813,131
	Zapopan	--	--	97,000
	Tlāquepaque	--	--	71,000
	other population	--	--	361,903
3	Gran Monterrey (9)	1,213,000	2.5	1,923,402
	Monterrey proper	858,000	1.8	1,054,029
4	● Puebla (5)	402,000	.8	677,959
5	Ciudad Juárez (12)	407,000	.8	597,096
6	León (7)	365,000	.8	589,950
7	Tijuana (19)	277,000	.6	534,993
8	Tampico/Ciudad Madero (13)	260,000	.6	510,088
9	● Acapulco (10)	172,000	.4	421,088
10	Torreón/Gómez Palacio (16/20)	336,695	.7	397,159
11	Chihuahua (12)	257,000	.6	369,545
12	Mexicali (19)	263,000	.6	338,423
13	San Luis Potosí (15)	230,000	.5	315,228
14	Culiacán (14)	168,000	.3	302,229
15	Hermosillo (18)	180,000	.4	299,687
16	Veracruz (3)	214,000	.4	295,297
17	Mérida (23)	212,000	.4	263,186
	Total Population	15,448,102	32.0	24,172,230(+64%)
	Other Major Cities			
18	● Aguascalientes (28)	181,000		247,764
19	Saltillo (16)	161,000		245,738
20	Morelia (6)	161,000		239,377
21	Orizaba/Córdoba (3)	141,000		234,502
22	Coatzacoalcos/Minatitlán (3)	136,000		232,636
23	Cuernavaca (24)	134,117		226,649
24	Toluca (2)	114,000		222,885
25	Reynosa (13)	137,000		218,683
26	Durango (20)	151,000		218,629
27	Nueva Laredo (13)	150,922		214,161
28	○ Jalapa (3)	122,000		191,096
29	Poza Rica (de Hidalgo) (3)	121,341		188,928
30	Matamoros (13)	138,000		186,480
31	Mazatlán (14)	120,000		177,673
32	Querétaro (25)	112,993		176,200
33	Ciudad Obregón (18)	114,000		172,974
34	Villahermosa (21)	99,565		165,468
35	Irapuato (7)	117,000		155,601
36	Uruapan (6)	83,000		138,264
37	Tepic (26)	111,300		133,353
38	Oaxaca (8)	116,800		131,193
39	Monclova (16)	99,000		130,918
40	Ciudad Victoria (13)	83,000		121,379
41	Celaya (7)	81,500		114,365
42	Los Mochis (14)	74,000		111,779
43	Pachuca (17)	83,892		105,225
44	Campeche (29)	69,506		103,613
45	Tuxtla Gutiérrez (11)	53,000		101,613
46	Ciudad Delicias (12)	86,000		--
47	Ensenada (19)	84,000		--
48	Piedras Negras (17)	77,000		--
49	Colima (30)	58,450		--

SOURCES: Census of Mexico (1970); United Nations Demographic Yearbook 1978, p. 212; Atlas of Mexico (Austin: University of Texas, 1970), p. 40; América en Cifras 1974, p. 40.

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Map 18-2
BASE MAP OF STATES IN MEXICO AND LOCATION OF MAJOR
URBAN CENTERS

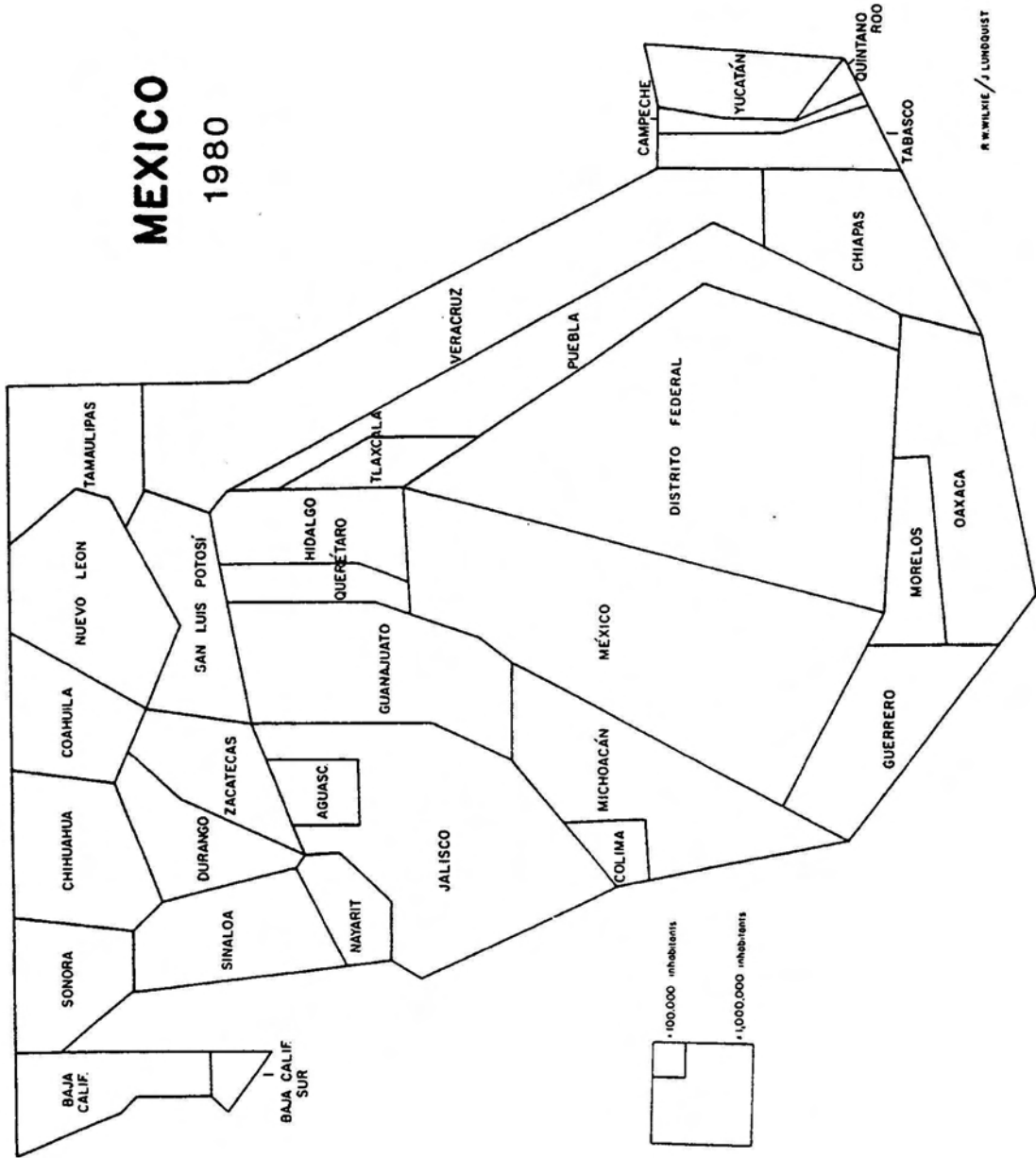


Note: State numbers are rank ordered according to
1980 population data listed in Table 18-1.

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Map 18-3A

POPULATION CARTOGRAM OF MEXICO, 1980



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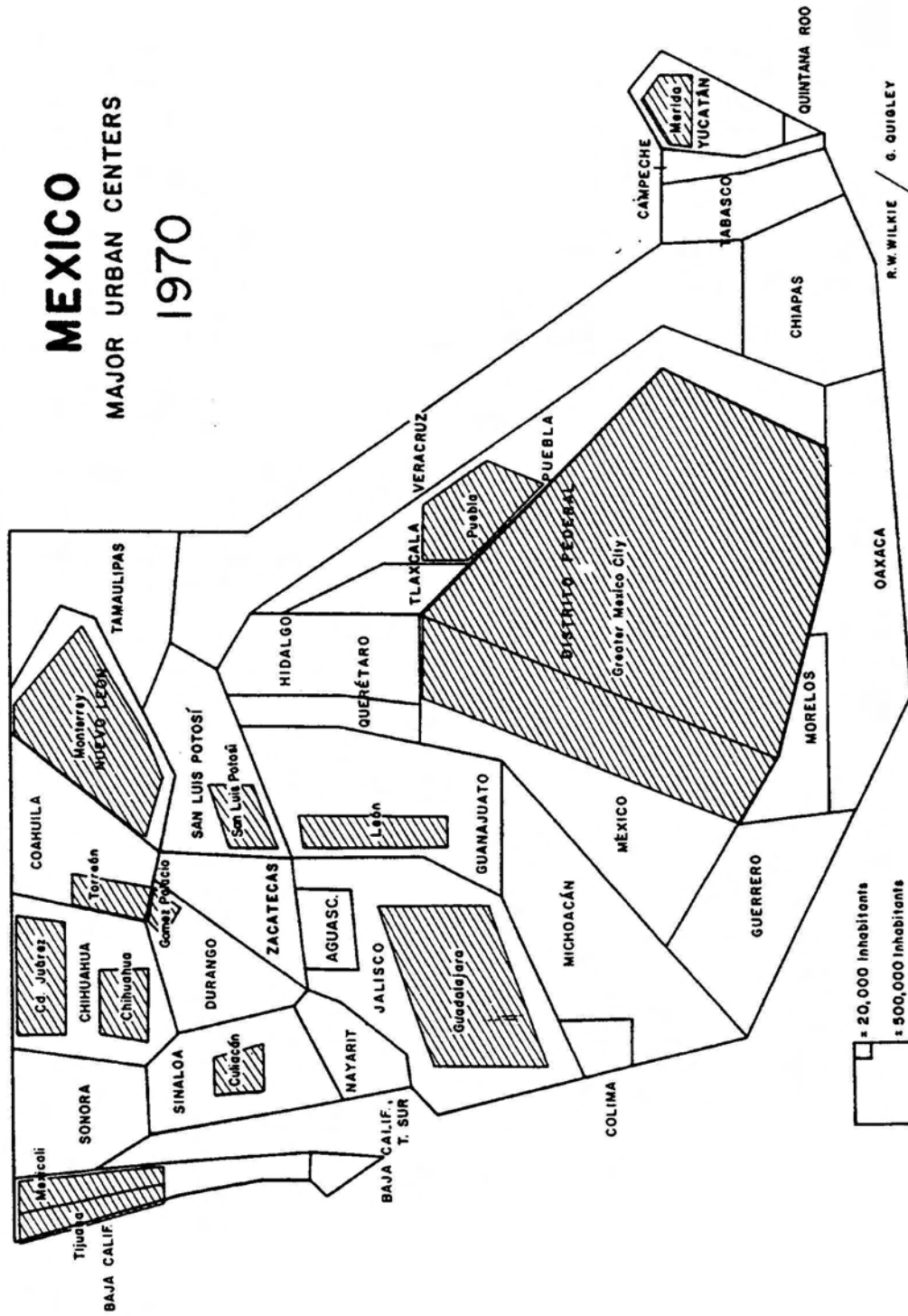
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Map 18-3B
POPULATION CARTOGRAM OF MEXICO, 1970

MEXICO

MAJOR URBAN CENTERS

1970



= 20,000 inhabitants
 = 500,000 inhabitants
 CITIES SHOWN OVER 250,000 POPULATION

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MEXICO

MAJOR URBAN CENTERS

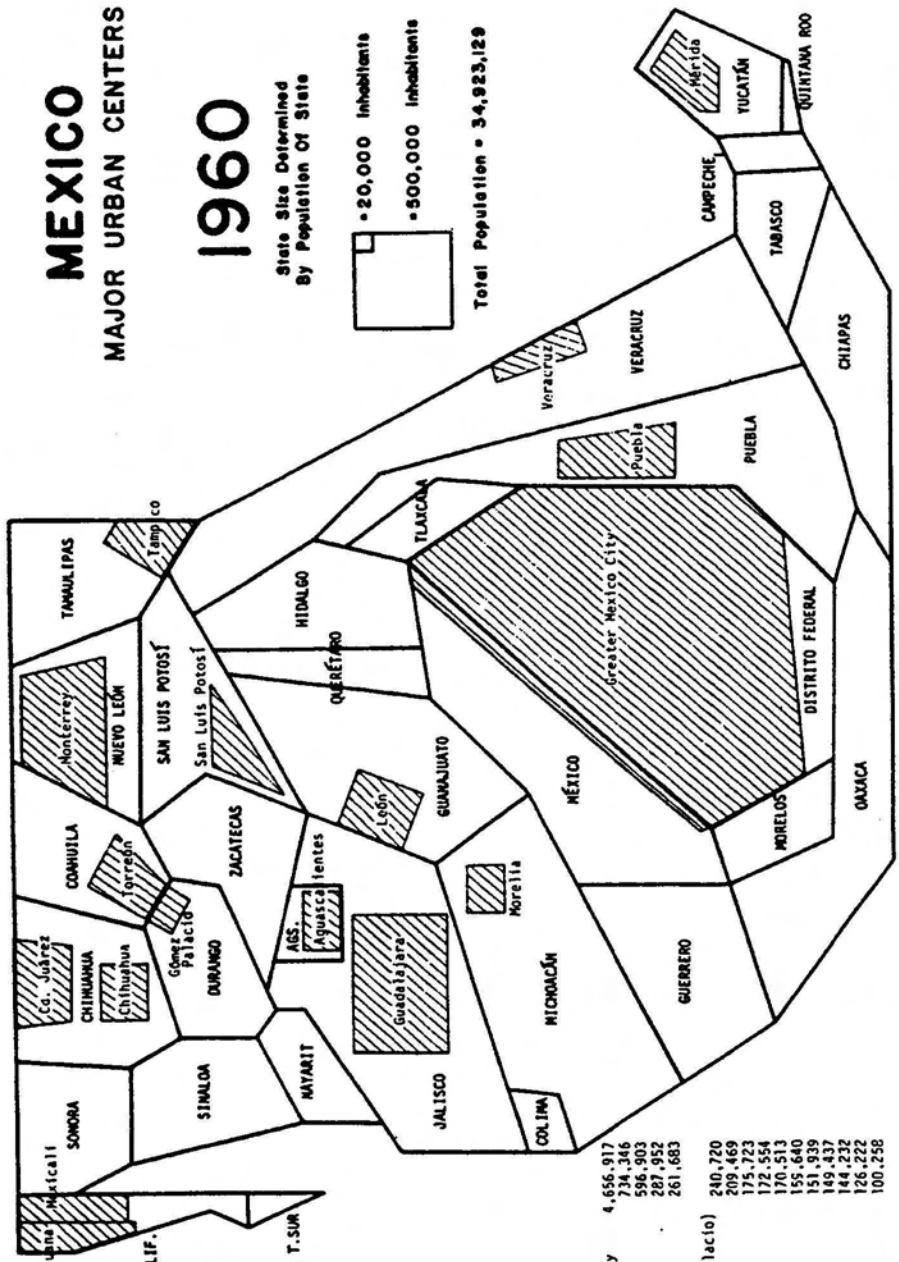
1960

State Size Determined
By Population Of State

• 20,000 Inhabitants
• 500,000 Inhabitants

Total Population = 34,923,129

Map 18-3C
POPULATION CARTOGRAM OF MEXICO, 1960



URBAN CENTERS OVER 100,000 POPULATION:

Greater Mexico City	4,656,917
Guadalajara	734,346
Monterrey	586,903
Puebla	287,952
Cd. Juárez	261,683
Torreón	240,720
(Incl. Gómez Palacio)	209,469
León	175,723
Tampico	172,554
Mexicali	170,513
Mérida	155,640
San Luis Potosí	151,939
Tijuana	149,437
Chihuahua	144,232
Veracruz	126,222
Aguascalientes	100,258
Morelia	

Cities listed account for 23.9 percent of the total population of Mexico.
Cities with populations greater than 40,000 account for 29.7 percent.

R. W. WILKIE / S. QUIBLEY

Map 18-3D
POPULATION CARTOGRAM OF MEXICO, 1940

MEXICO

MAJOR URBAN CENTERS

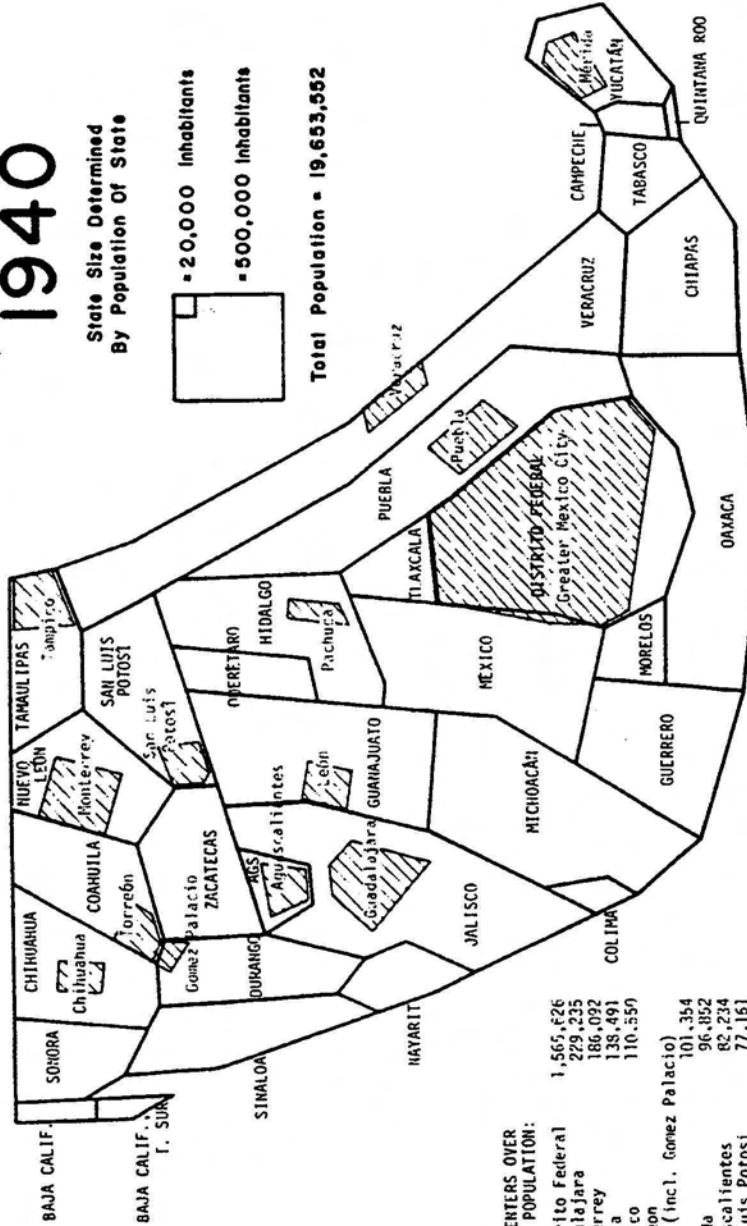
1940

State Size Determined
By Population Of State

☐ = 20,000 inhabitants

▨ = 500,000 inhabitants

Total Population = 19,653,552



**URBAN CENTERS OVER
50,000 POPULATION:**

Distrito Federal	1,565,626
Guadalajara	229,235
Monterrey	186,092
Puebla	138,491
Tampico	110,550
Torreón	
(incl. Gomez Palacio)	
Merida	101,354
Aguascalientes	96,852
San Luis Potosi	82,234
Leon	77,161
Veracruz	74,155
Chihuahua	71,720
Pachuca	56,805
	53,354

Cities Listed Account For 14.5 % Of The Total Population Of Mexico
Cities With Populations Greater Than 40,000 Account For 15.7 %

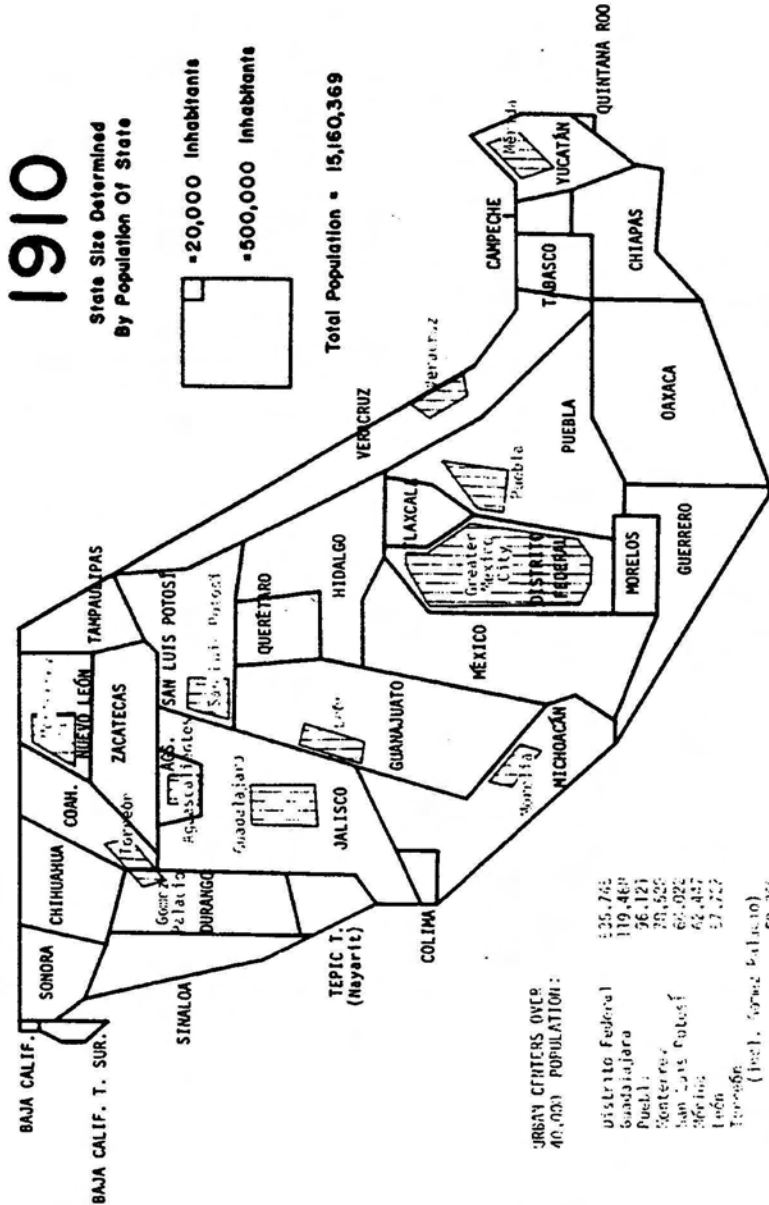
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Map 18-3E
POPULATION CARTOGRAM OF MEXICO, 1910

MEXICO

MAJOR URBAN CENTERS

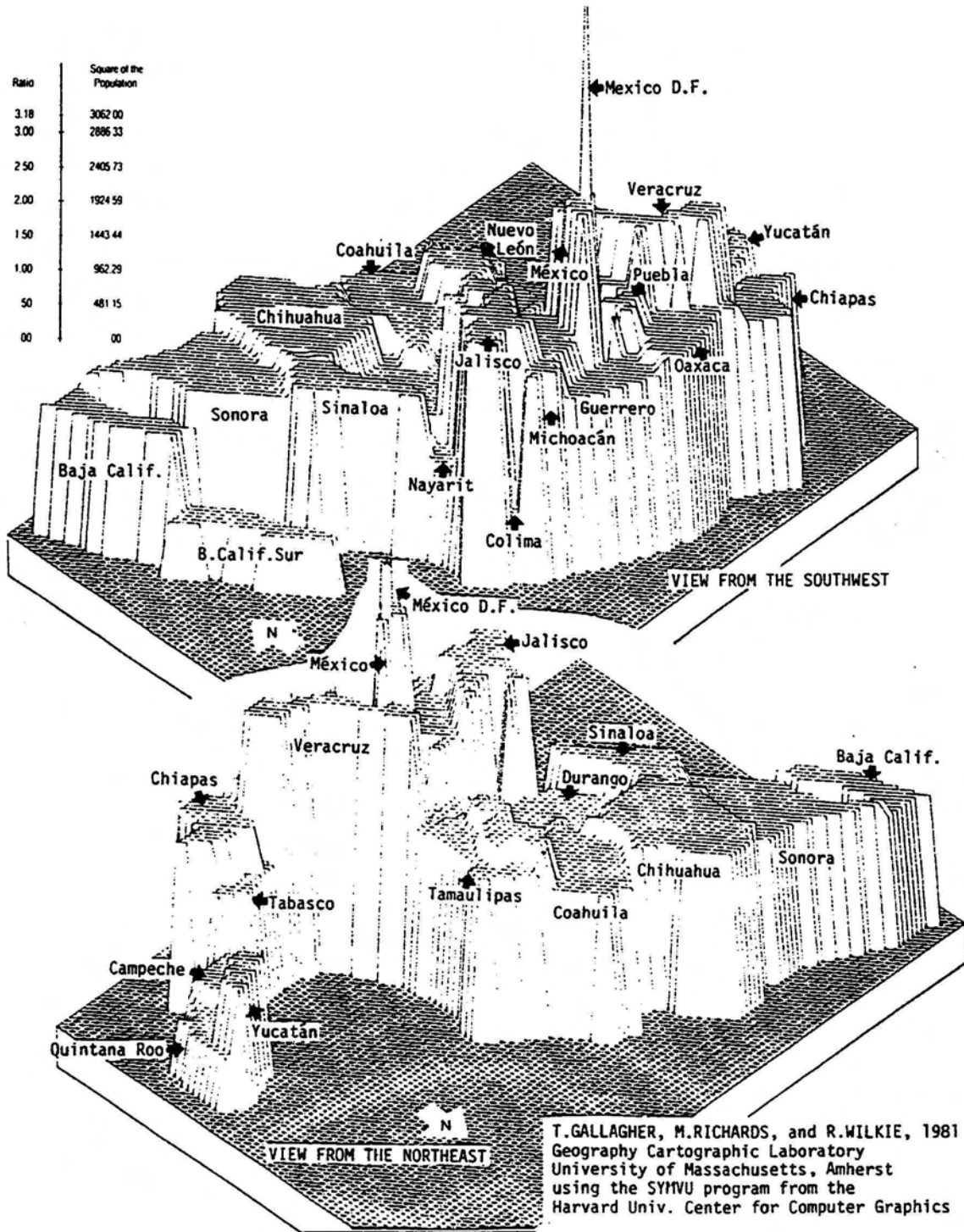


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Map 18-4

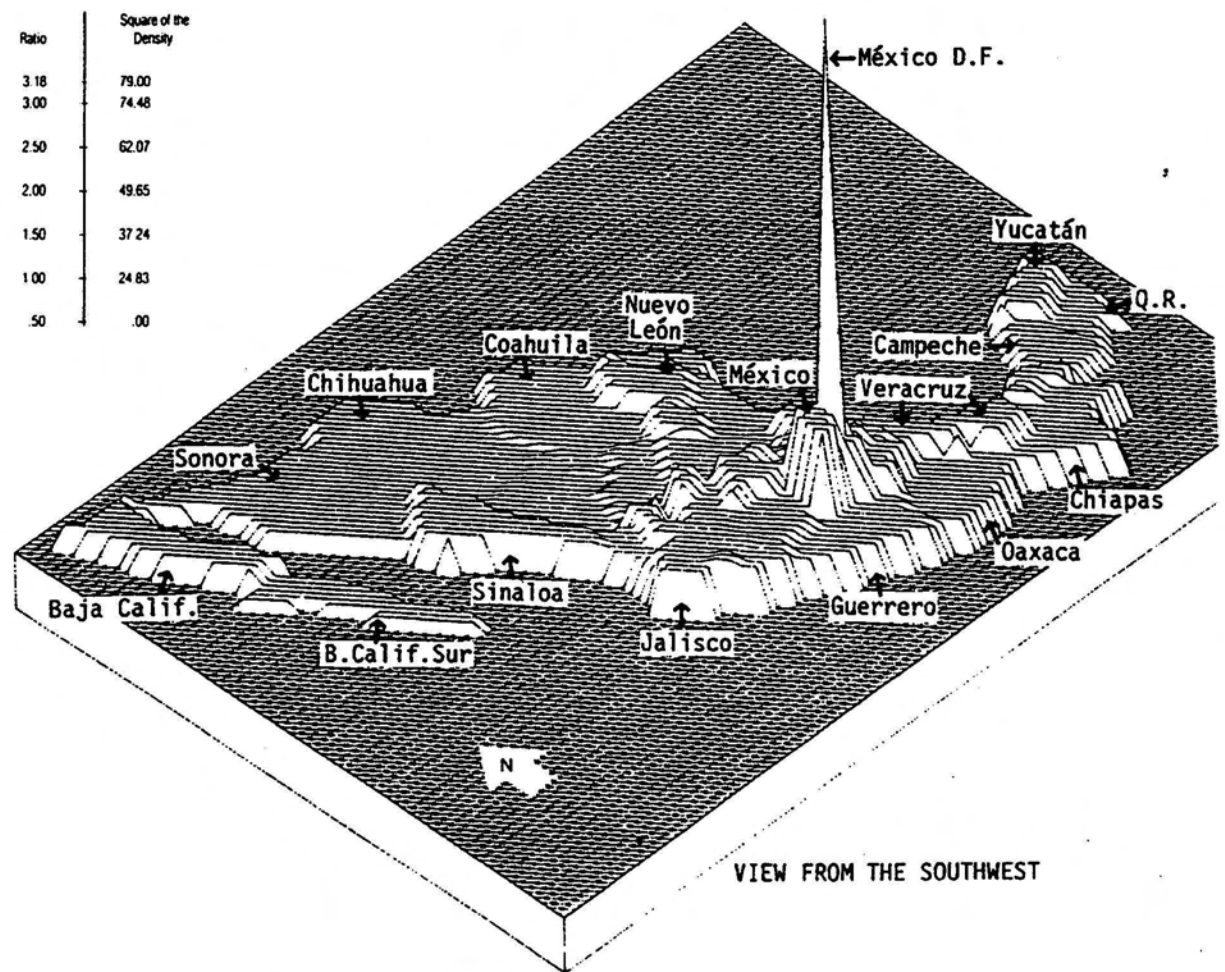
THREE-DIMENSIONAL CHOROPLETH MAP OF TOTAL POPULATION BY STATE IN MEXICO, 1980



813

Map 18-5

THREE-DIMENSIONAL CHOROPLETH MAP OF POPULATION DENSITY IN MEXICO, 1980 (Persons per km²)



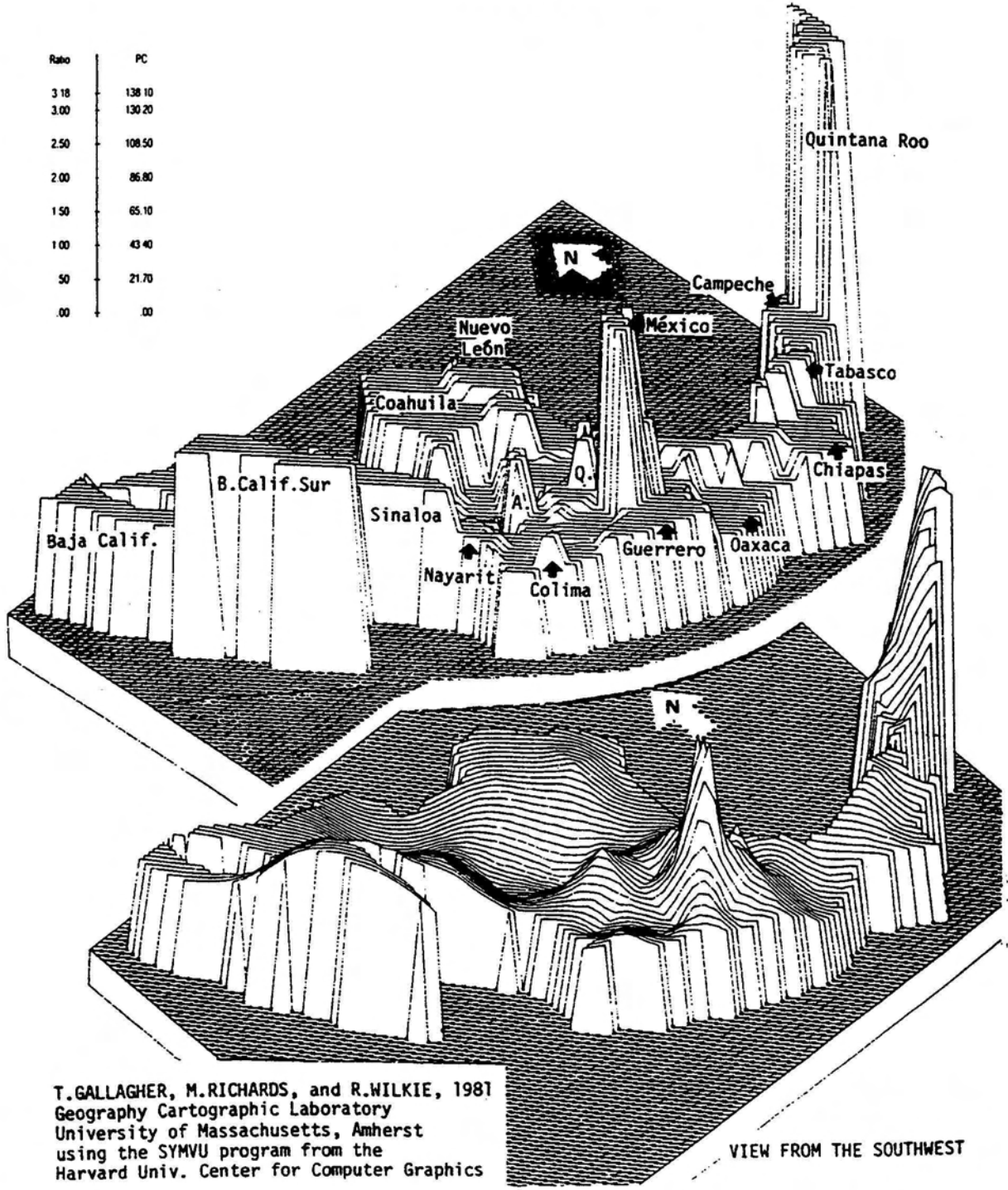
VIEW FROM THE SOUTHWEST

T.GALLAGHER, M.RICHARDS, and R.WILKIE, 1981
Geography Cartographic Laboratory
University of Massachusetts, Amherst
using the SYMVU program from the
Harvard Univ. Center for Computer Graphics

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Map 18-6

THREE-DIMENSIONAL CHOROPLETH AND ISOPLETH MAPS OF POPULATION CHANGE IN MEXICO, 1970-1980 (%)



T. GALLAGHER, M. RICHARDS, and R. WILKIE, 1981
 Geography Cartographic Laboratory
 University of Massachusetts, Amherst
 using the SYMVU program from the
 Harvard Univ. Center for Computer Graphics

Table 18-3
POPULATION FOR EACH NATIONAL CENSUS IN
MEXICO, 1895-1980

Census Year	Population	Census Year	Population
1895	12,632,427	1940	19,653,552
1900	13,607,259	1950	25,791,017
1910	15,160,369	1960	34,923,129
1921	14,334,780	1970	48,225,238 ^a
1930	16,552,722	1980	67,405,700

a. Recommended adjustment of population to 49,417,000 by the U.S. Bureau of the Census (1978).

Table 18-4
TOTAL AND PERCENT POPULATION IN FIVE LEVELS OF THE URBAN-RURAL
SETTLEMENT HIERARCHY OF MEXICO SINCE 1950

CENSUS YEAR	0	1	2	3	4	SETTLEMENT HIERARCHY	
	DISPERSED Population 1 to 99	VILLAGE 100 to 2,500	SIMPLE URBAN 2,501- 20,000	COMPLEX URBAN 20,001- 500,000	METROPOLITAN over 500,000	Classification	PERCENT in top 2 levels
TOTAL							
1950	1,772,256	13,018,043	4,795,348	3,609,477	2,604,893	↓	↓
1960	1,571,541	15,645,561	6,181,394	5,517,855	6,006,778		
1970	1,446,757	18,518,491	7,548,675	7,830,211	12,881,102		
PERCENT							
1950	6.9	50.5	18.6	13.9	10.1	1-2	69.1
1960	4.5	44.8	17.7	15.8	17.2	1-2	62.5
1970	3.0	38.4	15.7	16.2	26.7	1-4	65.1

SOURCES: Calculated from the various Mexican national censuses since 1950, and from SALA, 20-631, 632, 634, 635, 636, 637, and 638.

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Map 18-7

THREE-DIMENSIONAL CHOROPLETH MAP OF POPULATION CHANGE IN MEXICO, 1960-1970

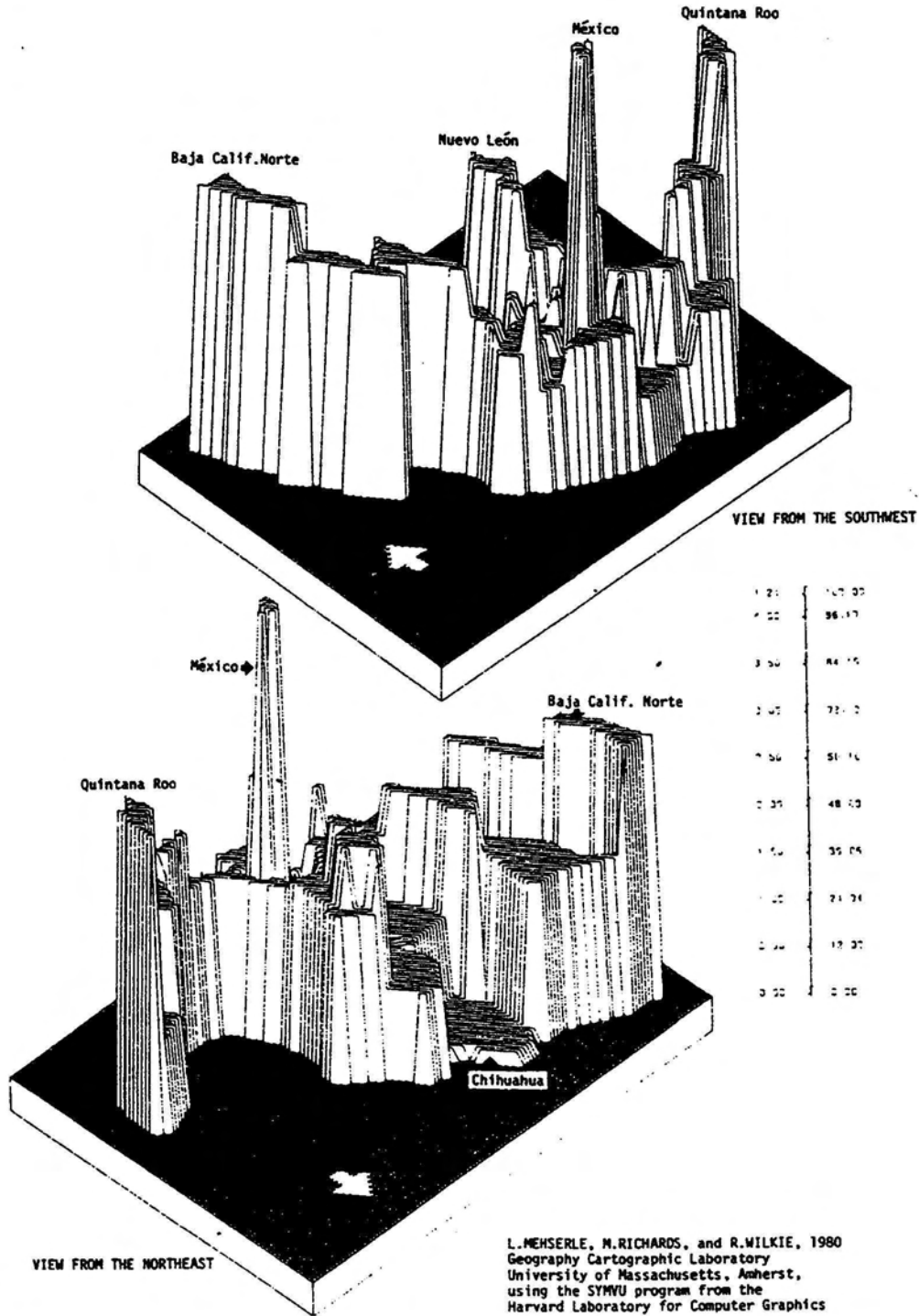


Table 18-5

SELECTED INDICATORS OF POPULATION CHANGE AND PER CAPITA GNP IN MEXICO

Years	Per 1000 Population		Rate of Natural Increase (Annual %)	Number of Years to Double Population	Percent Population Under Age 15	Life Expectancy at Birth	Per Capita GNP (US)
	Births	Deaths					
1940-45	44	22	2.9	--	--	--	--
1945-50	44	18	3.1	--	--	--	--
1950-55	44	15	3.0	--	--	--	187 ^a in 1955
1955-60	45	12	3.2	--	--	--	--
1960-65	45	12	3.5	--	--	--	--
1965-70	43	10	3.5	--	--	--	--
1970-74	42	9	3.3	21 ^b	46 ^b	--	490 ^b
1975	42	9	3.2	22	46	63	740
1976	46	8	3.5	20	46	63	1,000
1977	42	7	3.5	20	46	63	1,190
1978	42	8	3.4	20	46	65	1,090
1979	41	7	3.4	20	46	65	1,110
1980	37	6	3.1	22	46	65	1,290
1981	33	8	2.5	28	42	65	1,590
1982	32	6	2.5	27	42	65	2,130

a. 1955.

b. 1970.

MAJOR SOURCES:

Births: SALA, 19-204; SALA, 20-705 through 1975.

Deaths: SALA, 18-703^d and 706 through 1970.

Life expectancy: SALA, 19-700 through 1970.

Per capita GNP: 1955 data from Ginsburg, *Atlas of Economic Development* (Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1961).

Rate of natural increase: SALA, 22-626 from CELADE-BD 10 (1972) through 1970.

All other data: Population Reference Bureau, Washington, D.C., annual world population data sheets.

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Table 18-6

**MEXICAN STATES BY GEOGRAPHICAL
SIZE AND SUBDIVISION, 1970**

State	Civil Subdivisions (N)	Area	
		km ²	%
Total	2,385 ^a	1,958,201	100.0
Federal District	13	1,479	.1
States			
Aguascalientes	9	5,471	.3
Baja California	4	69,921	3.6
Baja California Sur	7	73,475	3.7
Campeche	8	50,812	2.6
Coahuila	38	149,982	7.6
Colima	10	5,191	.3
Chiapas	111	74,211	3.8
Chihuahua	67	244,938	12.5
Durango	38	123,181	6.3
Guanajuato	46	30,491	1.5
Guerrero	75	64,281	3.3
Hidalgo	82	20,813	1.1
Jalisco	124	80,836	4.1
México	120	21,355	1.1
Michoacán	112	59,928	3.0
Morelos	32	4,950	.3
Nayarit	19	26,979	1.4
Nuevo León	52	64,924	3.3
Oaxaca	570	93,952	4.8
Puebla	217	33,902	1.7
Querétaro	18	11,449	.6
Quintana Roo (terr.)	4	50,212	2.6
San Luis Potosí	55	63,068	3.2
Sinaloa	17	58,328	3.0
Sonora	69	182,052	9.3
Tabasco	17	25,267	1.3
Tamaulipas	42	79,384	4.0
Tlaxcala	44	4,016	.2
Veracruz	203	71,699	3.7
Yucatán	106	38,402	2.0
Zacatecas	56	73,252	3.7

a. Municipios.

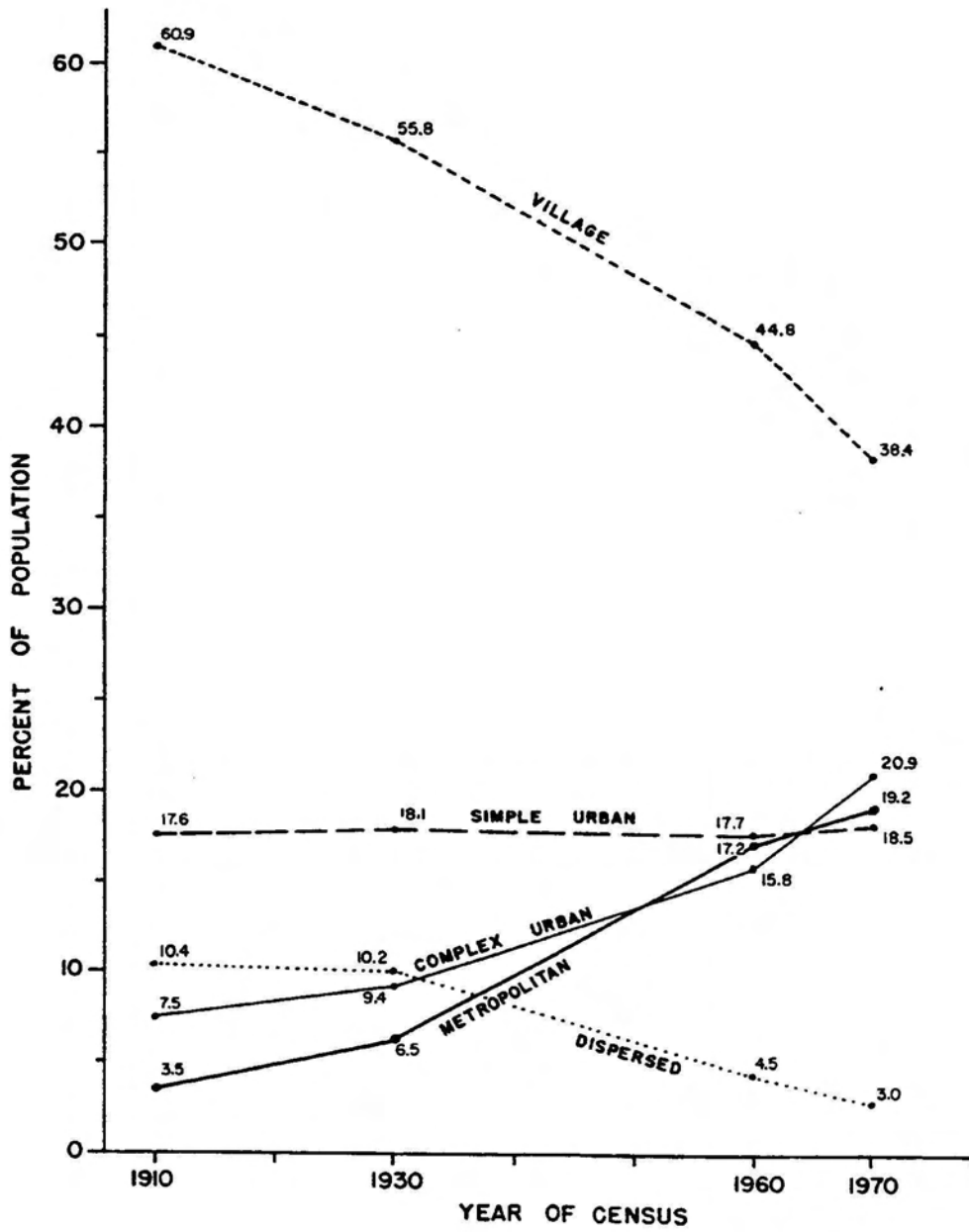
b. Excludes 5,363 km² of islands.

SOURCE: SALA, 21-301.

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Figure 18-1

MEXICO PERCENT OF POPULATION IN EACH URBAN-RURAL LEVEL,
1910-1970



Richard Wilkie

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Table 18-7

POPULATION CHANGE BY REGION IN MEXICO, 1970-1980

Region	1970		Change, 1970 to 1980			1980	
	Total Population	Percent	Total Growth	Percent Increase	Percent of All Growth	Total Population	Percent
CORE REGION 10 states and Federal District	24,161,025	50.1	10,718,675	44.4	55.9	34,879,700	51.7
CORE FRINGE 11 states	15,652,609	32.5	5,246,141	33.5	27.3	20,898,750	31.0
PERIPHERY (Frontier) 10 states	8,411,604	17.4	3,215,646	38.2	16.8	11,627,250	17.3
Total	48,225,238	100.0	19,180,462	39.8	100.0	67,405,700	100.0

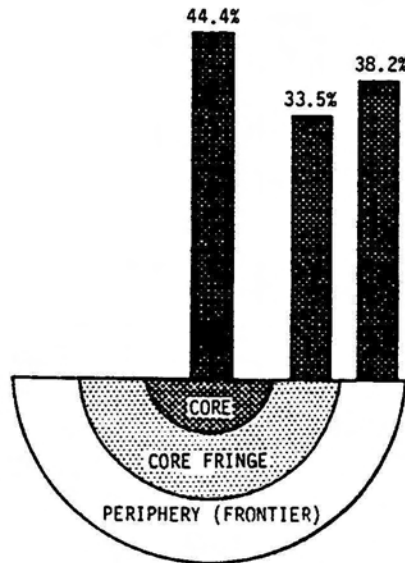


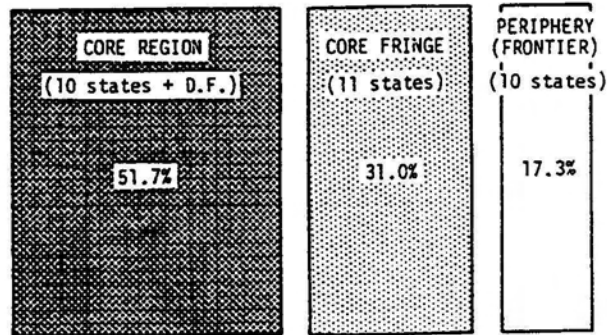
Figure 18-2




MEXICO POPULATION INCREASE BY REGION, 1970-1980

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Figure 18-3

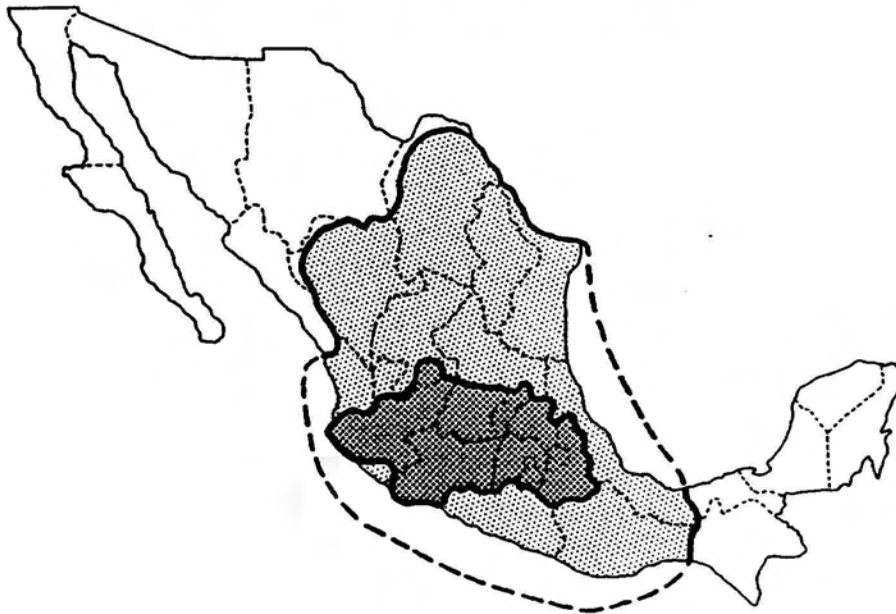
MEXICO PERCENT OF TOTAL POPULATION BY REGION, 1980



-  CORE REGION: Distrito Federal, México, Morelos, Tlaxcala, Puebla, Hidalgo, Querétaro, Guanajuato, Aguascalientes, Michoacán, and Jalisco.
-  CORE FRINGE: Colima, Guerrero, Oaxaca, Veracruz, San Luis Potosí, Nuevo León, Coahuila, Zacatecas, Durango, and Nayarit.
-  PERIPHERY (Frontier): Baja California, Baja California Sur, Sonora, Sinaloa, Chihuahua, Chiapas, Tabasco, Campeche, Yucatán, and Quintana Roo.

Map 18-8

LOCATION OF MEXICO POPULATION REGIONS



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Table 18-8A
MEXICO 1910: PERCENT OF POPULATION IN EACH URBAN-RURAL LEVEL

Region	0 DISPERSED POPULATION 1-99		1 VILLAGE 100-2,500		2 SIMPLE URBAN 2,501-20,000		3 COMPLEX URBAN 20,001-500,000		4 METROPOLITAN OVER 500,000		Landscape Settlement Classification		Percent in top 2 Levels
NORTH													
Baja California	32.3	45.9	21.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1-0	78.2
Baja California Territorio Sur	19.0	55.2	33.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1-2	89.1
Chihuahua	9.7	47.6	23.5	19.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	1-2	71.1
Coahuila	17.7	48.5	12.3	21.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	1-3	70.0
Nuevo León	21.4	56.0	22.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1-2	78.5
Sonora	30.5	45.9	23.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1-0	78.4
Tamaulipas	14.4	65.7	13.3	6.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	1-0	80.1
WEST	19.8	51.3	17.7	11.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	1-0	61.1
Durango	23.4	52.7	23.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1-2	76.6
Jalisco	23.6	60.7	9.1	6.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	1-0	84.3
Colima	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1-0	100.0
Nayarit (Tepic Terr.)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1-2	92.3
Sinaloa	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1-2	98.1
WEST CENTRAL	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1-2	98.1
Distrito Federal	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1-2	98.1
México	2.5	70.7	21.6	5.3	..	..	..	..	..	..	1-2	83.0
Morelos	2.1	62.1	36.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1-2	83.0
Guanajuato	9.9	59.3	18.2	12.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	1-2	83.0
Michoacán	13.0	61.7	21.3	4.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	1-2	83.0
EAST CENTRAL	8.8	62.6	16.7	11.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	1-2	79.3
Agascalientes	14.5	74.8	4.7	6.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	1-0	89.3
Zacatecas	3.0	69.9	18.8	8.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	1-2	88.4
Hidalgo	5.2	73.7	7.6	13.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	1-3	87.2
Puebla	5.3	66.2	17.8	10.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	1-2	84.0
Querétaro	2.4	76.6	20.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1-2	97.5
San Luis Potosí	10.4	55.7	33.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1-2	89.6
Tlaxcala	9.6	90.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1-0	100.0
GULF	21.7	64.4	14.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1-0	86.1
Campeche	5.2	66.4	18.8	9.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	1-2	85.2
Quintana Roo, Terr.	12.3	56.3	13.0	18.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	1-2	69.3
Tabasco	20.7	60.7	18.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1-0	81.4
Veracruz	6.7	77.9	15.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1-2	93.3
Yucatán	2.4	77.9	16.0	3.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	1-2	93.9
SOUTH													
Chiapas	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1-0	81.4
Guerrero	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1-2	93.3
Oaxaca	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1-2	93.9

SOURCE: Censo General de la Población, 1910; regions are after J.W. Wilkie, 1970a, except that Baja California Territorio Sur is here included in the North Zone not in the West Zone.

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Table 18-8B
MEXICO 1930: PERCENT OF POPULATION IN EACH URBAN-RURAL LEVEL

Region	0 DISPERSED POPULATION		1 VILLAGE		2 SIMPLE URBAN		3 COMPLEX URBAN		4 METROPOLITAN OVER		Landscape Settlement	
	1-99	100-2,500	2,601-20,000	20,001-500,000	500,000	Classification	Percent in top 2 Levels					
NORTH												
Baja California	9.3	36.4	54.3	..	..	2-1	90.7			
Baja California Territorio Sur	28.4	35.5	36.1	..	..	1-0	71.6			
Chihuahua	18.2	48.8	15.7	17.3	..	0-1	67.0					
Coahuila	10.3	47.9	16.8	25.5	..	1-3	73.4					
Nuevo León	18.8	40.1	9.3	3.18	..	1-2	71.9					
Sonora	15.9	47.4	36.7	..	..	1-2	84.1			
Tamaulipas	21.9	35.3	10.4	32.4	..	1-3	67.7					
WEST												
Durango	15.7	61.1	8.3	14.9	..	0-1	76.8					
Jalisco	16.8	40.1	27.9	15.2	..	1-2	68.0					
Colima	14.6	50.4	35.0	..	..	1-2	85.4			
Nayarit	17.2	59.9	15.5	7.4	..	0-1	77.1					
Sinaloa	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
WEST CENTRAL												
Distrito Federal	12.4	53.5	21.6	12.5	100.0	4-1	100.0					
Guajuato	3.8	75.7	16.3	4.2	..	1-2	75.1					
México	12.7	61.0	22.5	3.8	..	1-2	82.0					
Michoacán	2.1	72.7	25.2	..	..	1-2	83.5			
Morelos	1.7	35.9	8.3	1.8	52.3	1-2	97.9					
(Mexico City Metropolitan region: D.F., México, Morelos)	..	..	..	..	..	4-1	88.2
EAST CENTRAL												
Agascalientes	11.9	57.2	20.4	10.5	..	1-2	77.6					
Zacatecas	9.5	73.5	10.6	6.4	..	1-2	84.1					
Hidalgo	2.6	69.9	17.5	10.0	..	1-2	87.4					
Puebla	9.1	71.2	5.8	13.9	..	1-3	85.1					
Querétaro	12.5	60.2	14.5	12.8	..	1-2	74.7					
San Luis Potosí	3.3	69.2	27.5	..	..	1-2	96.7			
Tlaxcala	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
GULF												
Campeche	9.2	45.8	21.2	23.8	..	1-3	69.6					
Quintana Roo, Terr.	32.4	37.6	30.0	..	..	0-1	70.0			
Tabasco	3	82.8	16.9	..	..	1-2	99.7			
Veracruz	8.5	62.7	18.1	10.7	..	1-2	80.8					
Yucatán	7.1	44.7	23.6	24.6	..	1-3	69.3					
SOUTH												
Chiapas	27.0	55.5	17.5	..	..	0-1	82.5			
Guerrero	7.6	77.2	15.2	1-2	92.4					
Oaxaca	3.6	78.4	14.9	3.1	..	1-2	93.3					

SOURCE: Censo General de la Población, 1930.

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Table 18-8C
MEXICO 1960: PERCENT OF POPULATION IN EACH URBAN-RURAL LEVEL

Region	0	1	2	3	4	Landscape Settlement	
	DISPERSED POPULATION 1-99	VILLAGE 100-2,500	SIMPLE URBAN 2,501-20,000	COMPLEX URBAN 20,001-500,000	METROPOLITAN OVER 500,000	Classi- fication	Percent In top 2 Levels
NORTH							
Baja California	1.2	21.2	6.6	71.0	..	3-1	92.2
Baja California Territorio Sur	22.9	40.8	6.6	29.7	..	1-3	70.5
Chihuahua	6.6	36.2	16.9	40.3	..	3-1	76.5
Coahuila	4.3	38.9	17.5	48.3	..	3-1	78.2
Nuevo León	4.6	25.0	12.5	2.5	55.3	4-1	80.3
Sonora	9.5	33.0	19.8	37.7	..	3-1	70.7
Tamaulipas	8.1	32.1	10.1	49.7	..	3-1	81.8
WEST							
Durango	6.0	58.5	14.7	20.8	..	1-3	79.3
Jalisco	7.9	33.0	24.3	6.2	28.3	1-4	61.3
Colima	6.0	51.4	28.8	13.9	..	1-2	80.2
Navarrit	6.7	55.2	14.5	23.7	..	1-3	78.9
Sinaloa	..	..	..	..	100.0	4-2	100.0
WEST CENTRAL							
Distrito Federal	6.1	47.5	17.2	29.2	..	1-3	76.7
Guanajuato	1.1	60.3	33.2	5.4	..	1-2	93.5
México	6.2	53.2	25.6	16.0	..	1-2	78.8
Michoacán	.4	46.4	43.6	9.6	..	1-2	90.0
Morelos	.4	22.9	28.5	10.5	37.8	4-2	66.3
(Mexico City Metropolitan region: D.F., Morelos, México, Tlaxcala)							
EAST CENTRAL							
Aguascalientes	6.8	58.5	16.4	18.3	..	1-3	76.8
Zacatecas	3.5	74.1	13.2	9.2	..	1-2	83.3
Hidalgo	1.3	59.5	21.4	17.8	..	1-2	80.9
Puebla	5.3	66.6	9.1	19.0	..	1-3	85.6
Querétaro	5.9	60.5	16.1	17.5	..	1-3	78.0
San Luis Potosí	2.2	54.0	43.9	..	..	1-2	97.9
Tlaxcala							
GULF							
Campeche	4.5	32.3	24.5	36.7	..	3-1	71.0
Quintana Roo, Terr.	15.2	53.3	31.4	..	..	1-2	84.7
Tabasco	3.4	70.0	16.1	10.5	..	1-2	86.1
Veracruz	4.7	55.7	23.3	16.3	..	1-2	78.0
Yucatán	5.2	35.0	32.0	27.8	..	1-2	67.0
SOUTH							
Chiapas	10.6	65.0	15.7	8.8	..	1-2	80.7
Guerrero	4.0	70.2	19.3	6.4	..	1-2	89.5
Oaxaca	2.0	83.5	10.4	4.2	..	1-2	93.9

SOURCE: Censo General de Población, 1960.

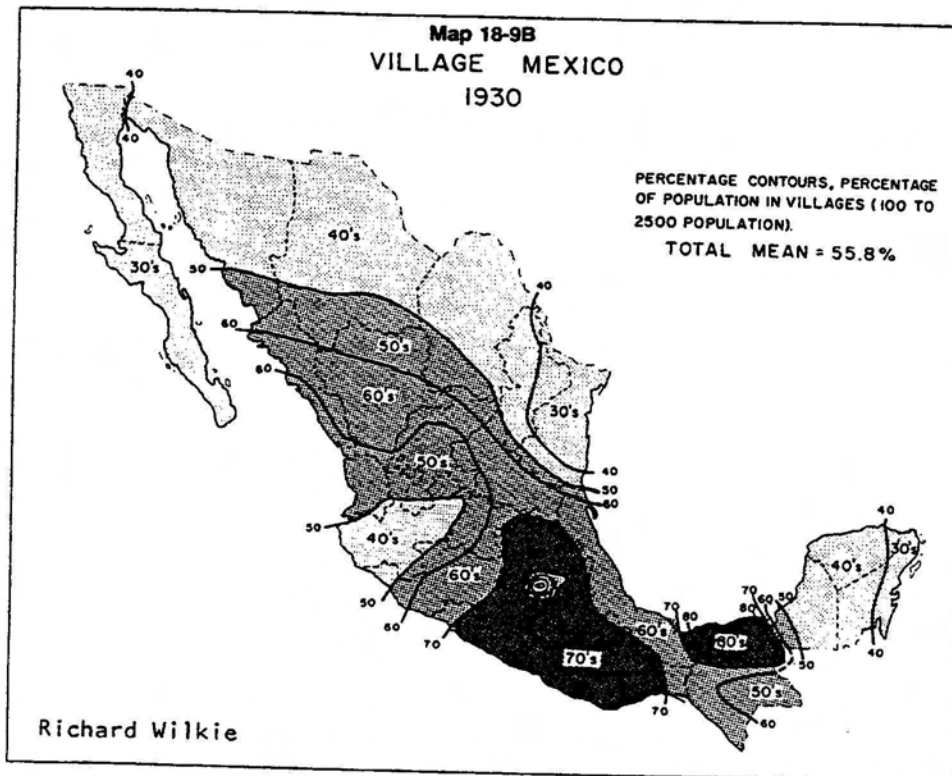
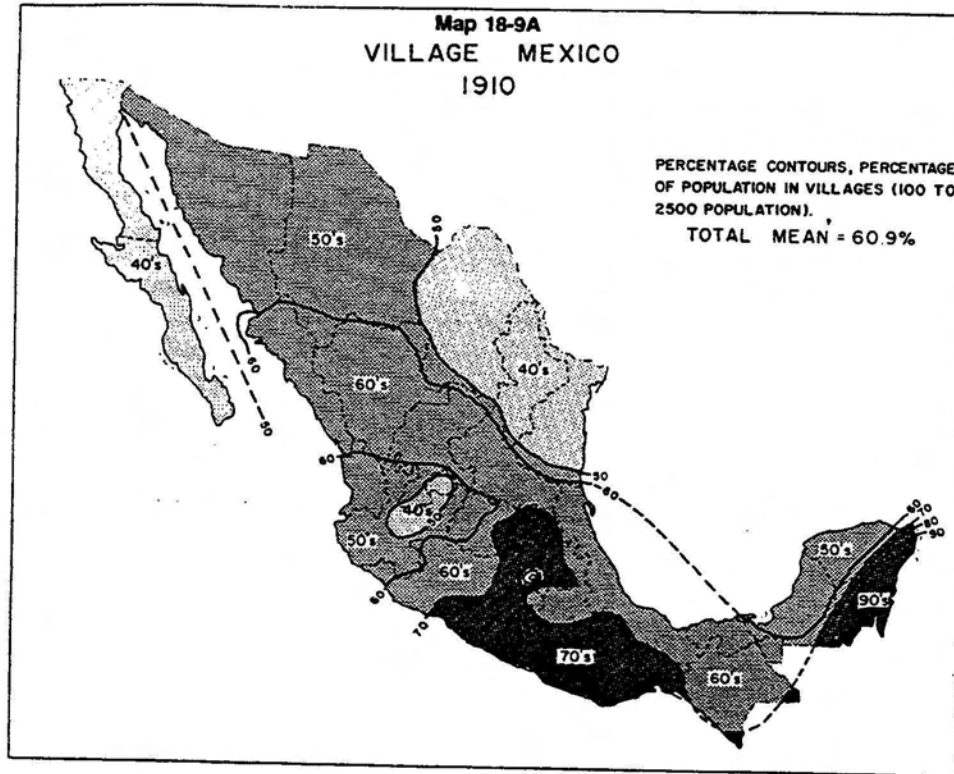
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Table 18-8D
MEXICO 1980: PERCENT OF POPULATION IN EACH URBAN-RURAL LEVEL

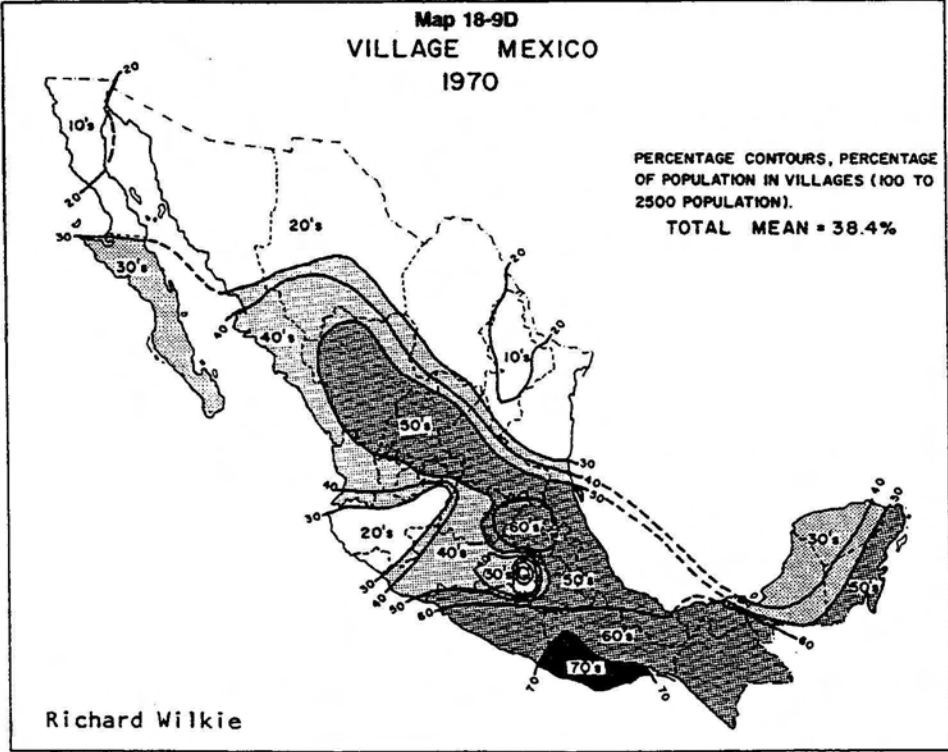
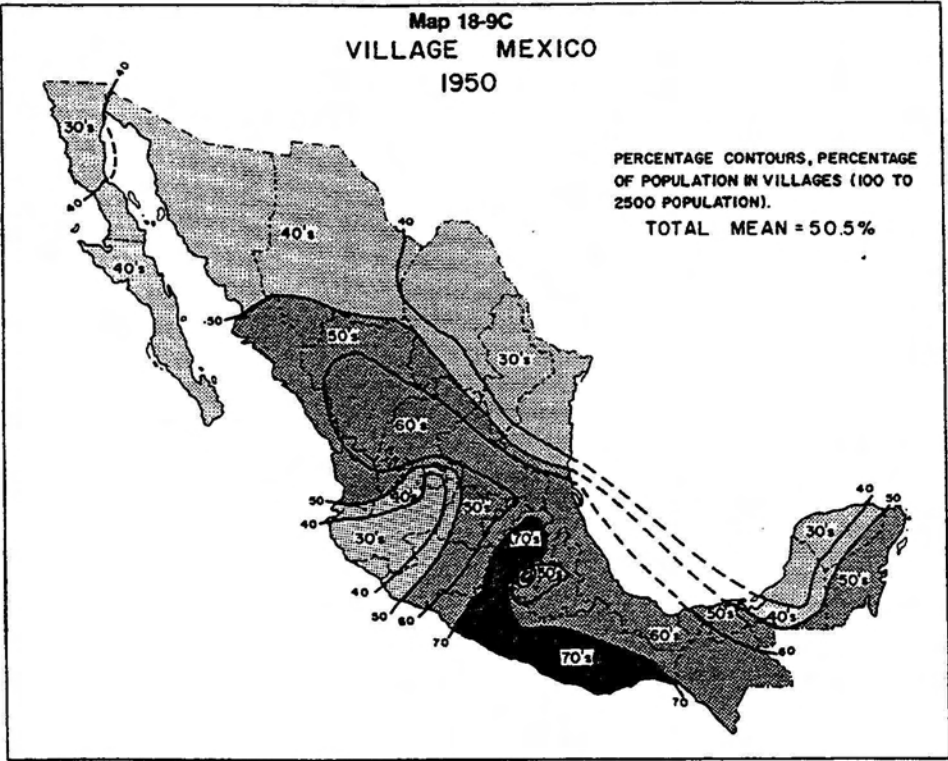
Region	0	1	2	3	4	Landscape Settlement Classification	Percent In top 2 Levels
	DISPERSED POPULATION 1-99	VILLAGE 100-2,500	SIMPLE URBAN 2,501-20,000	COMPLEX URBAN 20,001-500,000	METROPOLITAN OVER 500,000		
NORTH							
Baja California	.8	13.6	8.3	77.3	..	3-1	90.9
Baja California Territorio Sur	16.0	30.1	18.0	35.9	..	3-1	66.0
Chihuahua	5.4	29.2	13.0	52.4	..	3-1	81.6
Coahuila	2.5	24.7	15.2	67.5	..	3-1	82.2
Nuevo León	4.0	19.5	18.4	7.4	50.6	4-1	70.1
Sonora	7.0	27.2	14.7	61.1	..	3-1	78.3
Tamaulipas	5.4	25.6	9.3	59.6	..	3-1	85.2
WEST							
Durango	5.4	53.1	17.0	24.5	..	1-3	77.6
Jalisco	6.1	25.3	22.7	12.1	33.8	4-2	59.1
Colima	4.1	45.9	30.2	19.8	..	1-2	76.1
Nayarit	5.3	46.6	17.9	30.1	..	1-3	76.7
Sinaloa	..	..	..	..	100.0	4-2	100.0
WEST CENTRAL							
Distrito Federal	3.9	44.0	15.7	36.4	..	1-3	80.4
Guajuato	.8	38.0	40.5	5.8	15.1	2-1	78.5
México	4.8	49.0	23.4	22.8	..	1-2	72.4
Michoacán	.4	29.6	48.2	21.8	..	2-1	77.8
Morelos	.3	15.8	17.3	3.1	63.5	4-2	80.8
(Mexico City Metropolitan region: D.F., Morelos, México, Tlaxcala)							
EAST CENTRAL							
Agascalientes	5.9	54.3	16.8	23.0	..	1-3	77.3
Zacatecas	1.9	69.9	18.2	10.3	..	1-2	88.1
Hidalgo	1.1	52.4	24.3	22.3	..	1-2	74.7
Puebla	3.5	60.9	12.3	23.3	..	1-3	84.2
Querétaro	4.7	56.3	16.1	23.9	..	1-3	70.2
San Luis Potosí	1.7	51.0	42.3	5.0	..	1-2	93.3
Tlaxcala							
GULF							
Campeche	3.1	33.0	22.4	41.4	..	3-1	74.4
Quintana Roo, Terr.	9.1	54.3	26.9	26.9	..	1-2	81.2
Tabasco	.8	65.7	20.5	13.0	..	1-3	86.2
Veracruz	1.6	51.2	21.5	25.6	..	..	76.8
Yucatán	3.1	33.0	35.8	28.1	..	2-1	68.8
SOUTH							
Chiapas	8.2	64.1	15.1	12.6	..	1-2	79.2
Guerrero	3.0	61.3	17.9	17.7	..	1-2	87.3
Oaxaca	1.5	70.2	20.2	8.1	..	1-2	90.4

SOURCE: Censo General de Población, 1970.

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Map 18-10

PHYSIOGRAPHIC PROVINCES OF MEXICO

PHYSIOGRAPHIC PROVINCES

by Erwin Raisz
Cambridge, Mass. 1959

